

TULSA, May 31.—Maximum 86, minimum 64, with light breeze and clear sky.

PROSPERITY TALK
Results of the City Beautiful contest inaugurated by the Rotary club are almost noticeable in the beautiful blossoms which are everywhere sprinkled with flowers than ever before.

PUT STARS AND STRIPES FIRST, INSISTS TEDDY

Roosevelt Preaches Americanism to Thousands in St. Louis.

WILSON'S WORDS ARE CALLED WEASEL-LIKE

Is Opposed to Hyphen in Any Form; Wants Universal Training.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt made three speeches in St. Louis today in which he advocated universal military service, declared the German-American alliance was guilty of moral treason and anti-Americanism and denounced President Wilson's Memorial day speech as weak.

Colonel Roosevelt maintained that President Wilson used "weasel" words which sucked the life out of his phrases and made them meaningless.

"When Mr. Wilson speaks of 'universal voluntary training,'" he asserted, "he draws a parallel to a truancy law which would make universal attendance at school compulsory to all except those who wanted to keep away."

Mr. Roosevelt asserted that he thought well of Mr. Bryan and Mr. Ford.

"I like them in private life," he added. "They are nice, amiable men. But I cannot join them in any wild mental joy rides which in my opinion should be compelled to do if I should take their ideas seriously."

In his address at the Mercantile club, Colonel Roosevelt emphasized the need of concentration in business men, labor and the government.

Must Be Prepared. "I believe most emphatically that our end must be preparedness in matters social and industrial, commercial efficiency and justice. An indispensable means to this preparedness is military preparedness, that we may be able to settle our problems for ourselves and not have them settled by someone else with a gun."

"It is absolutely certain that aggression will be invited by the nation that is opulent, aggressive and unprepared. We have in this country free speech. But the luxury of a ready tongue cannot permanently be enjoyed with safety by the man with an unready hand."

When the colonel left the Mercantile club for the city club a great crowd greeted him. The street was packed and the windows of buildings a block away were crowded. A cheer arose as he entered his automobile and the crowd called for a speech.

Needed a Nail. Colonel Roosevelt stood on the sea of the automobile and said: "I am sorry that circumstances were such that I could not address the people of this city in a free hall. But I am here just between trains and little time was given to make arrangements; but I have just one thing to say: I am here to talk straight truth."

Roosevelt took issue with President Wilson's views on preparedness and declared he was unalterably opposed to hyphenated alliance, be they German-American or English-American.

"The trouble with us in America," Mr. Roosevelt said, "is our tendency to use lofty words to veil our meaning."

Every One Prepare. "Mr. Wilson said the acid test was about to be applied to the business men of the nation to see if they will allow their employees to volunteer for training. I am against that. It can not be patriotism that asks one man to have others prepare to do his fighting. I appeal for you to prepare yourself. Don't wait for the other fellow. Get out of the rut of the copperhead pacifist."

"I wish," he continued, "to correct the misstatement that this preparedness movement is backed by the munitions manufacturers. That is false. I challenge any human being to prove that there is any connection. The men most concerned are patriots, not money seekers."

"When I say I am against hyphenated Americanism, I mean just what I say. I should be just as unalterably opposed to an English-American alliance as I am against the German-American alliance. What ever defense I may have for my attitude, you can't accuse me of pussy-footing."

America Always. "There is no place here for the person who wants to make a polychrome home out of our nation. Just as Washington, Lee and Greene were against every foe, so we must be."

"When I say universal service, that is what I refer to. I do not expect to suck the life out of my words. I do not want any one to consider that I shall join the pacifists in any wild mental joy ride."

Uncle Sam. "Uncle Sam has just one friend—Colonel Roosevelt addressed the largest crowd at the City club in the afternoon, where he said that neutrality that allowed tramping on American rights could not be tolerated and that there could be no Americans who were not Americans to the heart."

I denounce the German-American alliance with all my soul," he shouted. "The acts of its leaders constitute moral treason to our government and our people."

DEATH TAKES TOLL OF NINE IN TRAIN WRECK

FIVE TRAINMEN, FOUR PASSENGERS KILLED IN COLLISION ON MEXICAN RAILWAY.

Misunderstanding of Orders Is Said to Have Been Cause; No Americans Hurt.

LAREDO, Texas, May 31.—Nine persons were killed and 35 injured today when a northbound passenger train on the Mexican railway collided with a southbound freight train near Rodriguez, Mex., forty miles south of Nuevo Laredo. The killed were five trainmen and four passengers, all Mexicans. Several Americans were aboard the passenger train, but none was reported injured.

The collision, which occurred day-break today, was caused by a misunderstanding of orders. It was stated in Nuevo Laredo tonight. The passenger train, it is said, had orders to meet the freight at Rodriguez, but continued northward from Rodriguez, meeting the southbound deadhead on a curve while both trains were running at a high speed.

The injured, a few of whom are seriously hurt, were brought to Nuevo Laredo tonight. The bodies of the dead were left at Rodriguez.

The engine of the passenger train, on whose responsibility for the accident is placed, is alive tonight, but its condition is serious, one of its legs having been torn off.

MEET TO ARBITRATE TRAINMEN DEMANDS

Representatives and Trainmen of 325 Roads Gather in Wage Conference.

WAGES AND HOURS

Strike Will Be Last Action Employes Will Resort to to Gain End.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Representatives of the 325 railroad systems of the United States and of their conductors, trainmen and engineers will begin here tomorrow a series of conferences to settle, if possible, questions of working hours and wages.

Eighteen general managers comprise the committee acting for the railroads and they will meet four representatives from each of the employes' unions—the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and the order of Railroad Conductors.

More than a thousand delegates have been sent here by the employes and between conferences with the railway managers, the representatives of the brotherhoods will consult their fellow workers. It is estimated that the conferences will cost the brotherhoods \$50,000 a week.

Strike As Last Resort. It was said today that a majority of the employes' representatives favor a strike only as a last resort. The works however, to settle the matter themselves and are opposed to turning the questions over to the interstate commerce commission, a procedure which has been suggested by some of the railroad officials, on the ground that since the railroads would have to earn more money to pay the wage increases demanded, the question of rates is involved.

The demands of the workers are four—the 8-hour day; time and a half pay for overtime; preparatory time, and overtime by minutes. The engineers, for the most part, are now on 8-hour time and the 8-hour demand concerns the trainmen more than anyone else. Time and a half for overtime is insisted upon for all workers.

SAY LAWYER GOT LAND BY FRAUD

Charles Runyon Faces Charge of Luring Away Indian to Secure Oil Property.

Special to The World. MUSKOGEE, May 31.—Charles F. Runyon, prominent attorney, is charged with having lured Washington Lowe, a Creek minor, to Colorado in order to procure from him a warranty deed to his allotment in the Boynton oil field upon attaining his majority, in a suit filed in district court here today. The suit is brought by Lowe and his wife, Rosetta Lowe, who alleges she did not give her consent to the contract and that it is therefore void. According to the petition the boy became of age August 1, 1914. At midnight of that day the boy's alleged captors brought before him certain papers for him to sign. The papers, state the petition, were warranty deeds to the land in the Boynton field. The boy had been hidden from the hands of other land buyers who might be seeking possession of the lands and the moment he was believed to have become of age his signature was procured, it is alleged. The papers were then rushed back to Muskogee to be filed with the register of deeds. The plaintiff sues for the annulment of the warranty deed and for \$5,000 damages.

Robs. Bank. JOPLIN, Mo., May 31.—The Bank of Neok City, at Neok City, Mo., was robbed of \$1,700 this afternoon by a man who locked Louis Hecker, assistant cashier, in the vault, raked up the cash in sight and escaped in a car.

REPUBLICANS MEET TO SETTLE SEAT CONTESTS

40 Contests Involving Right of 62 Delegates Will Be Threshed Out Today.

FINAL CONVENTION PLANS APPROVED

Women Suffrage Amazons on Scene Early and Pitch Tents to Wage War.

CHICAGO, May 31.—Members of the Republican national committee will meet in the Coliseum tomorrow morning to hear forty contests involving the right of 62 delegates to sit in the national convention. The committee expects to conclude its work by Saturday so that the temporary roll of delegates may be prepared by Secretary James B. Reynolds of the national committee.

GROSS CASES ARE HEARD

Oil Companies Seek to Restrain Sheriffs From Collecting Under New Law.

Special to The World. OKLAHOMA CITY, May 31.—Three federal judges sat today in federal court to hear oral argument on the application for injunction sought by the Oklahoma Oil company, Barnsdall Oil company, Indian Territory Illuminating Oil company, and the Glyco Oil company, to restrain sheriffs of the different counties where the oil property is located, and the state auditor from collecting gross production tax under the new 3 per cent law. It is claimed by the oil companies that the state has no right to collect such tax from leases operated through a federal agency. The state takes the position, however, that it has a right to tax the business of producing oil, or rather the oil as property itself, no matter how produced by others, and the state contends that there is no difference in the subject that was selected for taxation, even though it may be produced, or reduced to possession by other means.

With completion of the oral argument the court gave both sides until Saturday to file briefs in the case. There was no expression that would indicate the court's attitude in the matter.

SHAKE-UP OCCURS IN LOCAL COLLEGE

Dismissal of Four Members If Faculty Arouses Student Body.

TRUSTEES ARE STILL

Council Threatens to Bolt Institution Unless Given a Fair Chance.

A CRISIS has developed in the affairs of Henry Kendall college with the arrival in this city of D. I. Johnson, president of the board of trustees, which students and members of the faculty say, may result in a complete reorganization of the plans for the school year of 1916-17 and may also result in at least 50 per cent of the student body refusing to re-enter the institution until their demands are granted.

The breaking point, and one which resulted in a hurried secret meeting of members of the student council last night, was reached yesterday morning when it was announced that at the opening of the school term next year there would not be included among members of the faculty Dr. William Arthur Cook, A. M. Ph. D., instructor of philosophy and education; Dr. Walter S. Eisenmenger, Sc. M., S., instructor of chemistry and physics; Forrest R. Rees, A. B., instructor of geology; and Mrs. Kathryn Dean Lee, A. B., instructor in art.

Encountered Trouble. The president of the board of trustees arrived in the city yesterday morning and immediately he was surrounded by members of the student council, asking almost demanding, that some explanation of action be made to show why teachers who had given satisfaction to the student council, representing the entire student body, had not been retained, or at least been allowed to make a statement before the board. It also was stated last night that representatives of the students' council had not been permitted to appear before the trustees, who met in executive session, to secure some explanation of the action.

Hungarians Gain. BERLIN, May 31.—(By wireless to Sayville.)—The Austro-Hungarian advance on Italian territory has been carried further in the region of Asiago and Arsiero. The official Austrian statement of today says the Italians have been driven from Gallio and heights to the northwest.

Life in the Open. "We can't imagine what the hardships of the trenches must be," "I can. Went on an all-day picnic yesterday."

SELL SCHOOL LANDS UNDER NEW LAW NOW

After Sale of Cimarron Property by Secretary's New Law Is Effective.

Special to The World. OKLAHOMA CITY, May 31.—With the completion of the sale of school lands in Cimarron county, which closed Saturday, sales under the old law were concluded, and future sales of school lands will be made under the new law passed at the special session of the legislature. Secretary G. A. Smith of the school land department returned Saturday night from Cimarron county, where he conducted the sale. Every tract of land offered in the county was purchased, and the aggregate value of the land exceeded the appraised value by about \$300,000 in the county. In future when the department desires to place school land on sale in any county they will simply advertise the four successive weeks in the newspapers in such county and they hold the sale. It is believed this will be as desirable from all points of view as the old method. There will be no more land sold until after the first of July, or the beginning of the next fiscal year. Under new rules of the department land that has been segregated for oil and gas leases can be cancelled and advertised for agricultural leases.

C. OF C. SECRETARY STARTS IN TODAY

Clarence B. Douglas Arrives; Will Succeed E. O. Tilburne, Resigned.

Col. Clarence B. Douglas, newly elected secretary of the Tulsa Chamber of Commerce, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and this morning will assume the duties as successor to E. O. Tilburne, who recently was called to Bartlesville, Okla.

Colonel Douglas arrived from Arkansas City, Kan., where he has been engaged in commercial club work for the past two years. He announced last night that he would begin today to familiarize himself with the work in the office, Mr. Tilburne remaining until the fifth at which time he will leave for Bartlesville.

The new secretary for the present will live at Hotel Tulsa but following the close of school at Manhattan, Kan., where his daughter is a student, the family will move to this city where a home has been secured. Mrs. Douglas is at present in Oklahoma City visiting relatives but will arrive in Tulsa within the week.

HOUSE MAKES BIG INCREASE IN NAVAL BILL

Appropriates \$11,000,000 for Armor Plate Plant, \$3,500,000 for Air Craft.

VOTES FOR 3,730 ADDITIONAL SEAMEN

Party Lines Ignored in Preparedness Wave Which Sweeps Chamber.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Amendments to the naval appropriation bill to provide for a \$11,000,000 government armor plate plant, for \$3,500,000 instead of \$2,000,000 worth of aeroplanes for 1,730 additional sailors and for a bonus system to encourage the speedy private construction of warships were adopted today by the house sitting as a "committee of the whole."

Party lines were broken down on every vote. Twenty-three Republican and two Progressive joined the Democrats in voting for the armor plate proposal. The final vote being 347 to 91. Thirteen Democrats lined up with the Republicans on the additional aeroplanes amendment which was carried, 123 to 103. The bonus and increased personnel amendments were adopted overwhelmingly without roll call.

Was Bethlehem Fair. Debate on the armor plate amendment, which already has been passed as a separate bill in the senate, centered largely around the question whether the Bethlehem Steel company, the largest private manufacturer of plate, had secured the government fairly in its dealings with it.

Representatives Butler and Graham of Pennsylvania waged the fight against the naval committee amendment, offering as a substitute an amendment by Mr. Butler looking to a settlement of the controversy between the government and private manufacturers through a federal commission. The Butler amendment would have provided for an appropriation for building a government plant, but made its use contingent upon the refusal of private manufacturers to accept contracts at prices judged by the commission to be fair.

Representative Shirley of Kentucky in supporting the committee amendment declared his belief that the government should manufacture some part of every article which it uses exclusively, simply to establish a coöperative price.

The Butler amendment was lost, 186 to 125. A proposal by Representative Vane of Pennsylvania to locate a plant at Philadelphia was defeated, 255 to 5.

Wanted More Sailors. The increase of 2,730 sailors in the navy personnel would be effected by removing the hospital corps from the total number of enlisted men provided by law. Representative Roberts of Massachusetts made a futile attempt to add 2,750 sailors and 700 marines to the bill. Mr. Padgett said the country would have no use for this additional number of marines at this time.

Under the construction bonus amendment the secretary of the navy would be authorized to award bonuses of as much as 20 per cent of contract prices for quick delivery. It would require the employment of extra shifts instead of long hours for workmen in speeding up of construction.

Only a few more amendments will be offered before the closing of debate Friday. The measure then will be passed and sent to the senate.

Would Suppress Argument. Special to The World. OKLAHOMA CITY, May 31.—That the state administration is planning to suppress the argument filed by Republican State Attorney Arthur G. Geisler against the proposed constitutional amendment providing for a literacy test, is indicated by some of the acts of the state board of affairs, composed of personal appointees of the governor.

TULSA WORLD DOMINATES SECOND LARGEST PAPER

in Oklahoma--Greatest Advertising Medium

The evening paper, in order to get extra advertising copy, admitted yesterday it was necessary for them to deliver 2,500 extra papers in the city of Tulsa in order to cover the city. Any EXPERIENCED ADVERTISER knows that "free" circulation is absolutely worthless. Paid circulation—subscribers who pay—are the kind that buy advertised goods, like yours. Here is what the Tulsa World has delivered to its advertisers during the last week of May: WORTH IS DOUBLE the net paid circulation of any other paper published in Tulsa county.

Average Daily paid, 15,677; city and suburban, 11,613; city of Tulsa, 7,738—an increase in two years of almost 50 per cent. Tulsa World advertising costs money, but it is worth the price charged for the Tulsa advertising. First, it has double the paid subscribers of any other Tulsa paper; second, more than double the readers come from the Tulsa World advertising. No fake circulation schemes. No misrepresentations about rates.

For results The Tulsa World is a ten-to-one bet. You can't possibly lose. With one exception, The World publishes more PAID advertising than any other daily paper in Oklahoma. Why?

"There's a Reason"

GERMANY NOT WILLING TO TALK REAL PEACE

ASQUITH SAYS HOLLWEG DID NOT DISCUSS TERMS WHICH WOULD SAFEGUARD ALLIES.

English Parliament Shows No Disposition to Accept Good Office of Wilson.

LONDON, May 31.—(C. 45 p. m.)—Premier Asquith, answering a question put by Sir Arthur Markham, Liberal, in the House of Commons today, stated there was nothing in the recent statement made by Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German imperial chancellor, that indicated Germany was prepared to consider terms of peace which would safeguard the interests of the entente allies and the future peace of Europe.

Sir Arthur's question apparently was designed finally to set at rest any suggestion that the entente allies were prepared to accept intervention. In putting his question he referred to the fact that in the German reply to the latest American note it was pointed out that Germany had twice announced her readiness to make peace.

He then asked "whether all allies were prepared to avail themselves of the good offices of a neutral state in order to communicate to the German government definite terms on which they would be willing to make peace, provided the German government was prepared to make in the same way and at the same time a communication to the allies of definite terms on which Germany was willing to make peace."

The premier's reply was received with cheers.

MARS FAVORS THE FRENCH AT VERDUN

Tide of Battle Begins to Turn and Allies Capture Le Mort Homme.

TAKE 225 PRISONERS

Austrians Continue to Drive Italians Backward in Asiago Sector.

Verdun in the region of Le Mort Homme have turned on the offensive against the Germans and in a spirited attack have captured a strongly organized position on the slopes southwest of Le Mort Homme. Seven machine guns and 225 prisoners were taken in the attack, which was the only infantry fighting on Wednesday reported in the latest French official communication.

The town of Avoucourt and Hill 304 in this immediate vicinity are under a heavy bombardment and shells of large caliber are being used. Bombardments are in progress north of Verdun from the Meuse region to Fort Vaux and in the Hartmanns Willersberg region of the Vosges mountains.

Austrians Strong. On the Asiago-Arsiero sector of the Austro-Italian front the Austrians have taken additional points of vantage from the Italians and put down the attempts by the Italian army to recover lost ground. According to the Austrian communication during the present offensive they have captured 31,087 Italians and 298 cannons. The Italian army is ordered the evacuation of positions at Monte Pratiara and Punta Corcina in the Asiago plateau. The lake region south of Dolnik on the Russian front again is the scene of heavy bombardments, partly due to more infantry fighting. Further south on the Volynian front and along the Besarabian border there is increased activity by the Teutons and Russians.

Petrograd reports the capture of a Russian position in the region of Diarbekr, but says the Russians in a counter-attack elected the invaders.

Nothing new has come through concerning the invasion of Greek Macedonia by the Bulgars and Germans, but in the extreme western part of the Balkan front the Austrians along the Sava river in Albania have pursued Italian patrols.

The British invasion of German East Africa continues and has reached a strongly entrenched German position between the Ercer mountains and the Pagni river, where a fight seems probable.

AWARD PRIZES FOR THE BEST ESSAYS

W. C. T. U. Contest Ended Last Night At High School; Miss Zeitler Wins.

Miss Dorothy Zeitler was awarded first prize last night in the contest conducted by the Tulsa W. C. T. U. for the best essay on the "Effects of Alcohol," and was presented with a cash prize of \$5. Miss Wilma Elliott was given \$2 for second honors and Gail Lewis \$2 for third prize.

Following is the order of the 25 high contestants, all of whom were presented with books: Mamie Lawson, Kenneth Overholzer, Jack Childs, Jane Robinson, James Porter, Darwin Childs, Joe Jankowsky, Cavene D. Fife, Virginia Cottingham, Frances Sappenthal, Golda Brantback, Kenneth G. Crouch, Edith Jack, Margaret Kerr, Helen Hodges, Katherine Patton, Audrey Wilsey, Maxine Day, Seth Hughes, Willie Maxine, Ada Croft and Lilly Lemon.

The prizes were awarded at the high school. The judges were C. E. Buehner, Charles Grims and R. S. Weyher.

CALL SOLDIERS HOME, MEXICO TELLS AMERICA

Carranza Demands Immediate Withdrawal in Official Communication.

INTERVENTION IS NOT DESIRED NOW

Says U. S. Claims of Friendship Belied in Sending Troops Across Border.

MEXICO CITY, May 31.—Claiming that the words and protests of the United States have been entirely in contradiction of their acts and that in spite of protests not to intervene in the affairs of Mexico, soldiers of the United States are in Mexico without the consent of the Mexican government and in violation of Mexico's sovereignty, the Mexican government now asks for the immediate withdrawal of these troops. The request is made in a 12,000 word note made public at the foreign office today about noon.

Had No Permission. The note recites that the American troops crossed the border after the Columbus incident without the permission of the Mexican government. The act was not considered one of invasion then solely because the United States said they had misinterpreted the attitude of the Mexican government. When the second expedition crossed the line after the Glenn Springs incident, the note maintains the plea that this was done with the consent of the Mexican consul at Del Rio, Texas, is untenable and that act can only be considered one of invasion.

"The Mexican government therefore invites the United States to bring to an end this unappreciable situation," the note concludes, "and to support its protestations and declarations of friendship by an immediate withdrawal of American troops."

Maintaining that the protests of friendship by the United States and the expressed desire for nonintervention has been contradicted by the acts of the Washington government, the note says the Mexican consul at Del Rio, Texas, is untenable and that act can only be considered one of invasion.

"The American government," says the note, "has admitted that the work of the expedition which entered after the Columbus raid is now over. But in spite of this fact American troops still remain on Mexican soil. To continue on page five.

OUT FOR JOB

OKLAHOMA CITY, May 31.—E. E. Glass of Purcell, member of the last legislature, who was one of the leaders in the passage of the latest jury statute, today announced himself as a candidate for the nomination, for corporation commission for the short term. Mr. Glass is a Democrat and figured actively in legislation during the regular and special sessions.

SAY INNES LURED WOMEN FROM HOME

Mother's Testimony Damaging to Man Charged With Larceny.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 31.—Mrs. A. Eloise Nelms Dennis, who with her sister, Beatrice Nelms, disappeared in San Antonio, Texas, in June, 1914, went there expecting to marry Victor E. Innes and go with him to India, where they would found a new religious sect, according to the testimony of Mrs. John W. Nelms, mother of the missing women, who was on the witness stand today in the trial of Innes for larceny after trust of some \$4,000 from Mrs. Dennis.

Several witnesses who preceded Mrs. Nelms on the stand gave evidence tending to show that Innes had received approximately \$2,000 from Mrs. Dennis with which the Atlanta woman expected him to purchase real estate in Montana, Sonora, Mexico, and possibly Utah. Mrs. Nelms told of letters she said her daughter had received from Innes while he was in various states in the northwest.

All Love Letters. The burden of the letters, she said, was "love, love, love," and she testified that the Eugene, Ore., man frequently spoke in them of "claiming her (Mrs. Dennis) as his wife."

"He postponed the date of the marriage from three to five times during 1913 and the early part of 1914," she testified, "until finally he wrote her to meet in San Antonio in June, 1914."

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